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(Pages : 20)

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Third Semester B.A./B.Sc. Degree Examination, March 2022

First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

Language Course - English

EN 1311.1/EN 1311.3 — ENGLISH FOR CAREER

(Common for B.A./B.Sc. and Career Related 2 (a))

(2019 and 2020 Admission)

Tim	ne : 3 Hours Max. Marks : 80
l .	Answer all the following questions. Each question carries 1 mark. Follow the instructions given in the brackets wherever needed.
1.	The correct spelling of the word 'cataloge' is
2.	The word that is the antonym of "deflate" is
3.	The prisoner was hand and foot. (use the correct form of 'bind')
4.	is another word for 'alleviate'.
5.	is the noun form of 'intend'.
3.	Hearing the news of her husband's death, she faint. (Correct the sentence)
7.	All precautions must, for the plague spread rapidly. (Use the correct form of the word 'neglect')
3.	We must lock the doors,? (Use appropriate question tag)
Э.	I noticed that he of brandy. (Use the correct tense of 'smell')

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	10.	Poli	ce are		<u> </u>	conne	ctions	between	the t	vo crime	es. (Use	the
		арр		phrasa	verb)		/le\	looking	into			
		(a)					(b)	looking				
		(c)	lookin	g out			(d)	looking	ÇI Ç	(10 × 1	1 = 10 Ma	rks)
	11.	Ans	swer an	y eight	of the fo	llowing q	uestion	s. Each q	uestion	carries	2 marks.	
	11.	Pro	vide on	e-word	substitu	tes for an	y two o	f the phra	ises.			
* .		(a)	a criti	cal phas	e that s	ome is pa	assing t	hrough				
		(b)				ney waste						
		(c)			or advar					1.4	1	
		(d)			minatior					-		
		` '				-	lowing	words.	4			-
	12.				s of two	of the fo	(b)		V			
		(a)) Haug				(0)	Lunco,				
		(c)										
	13.	Ma	ake sen	tences (of your c	wn with a	any two	of the fol	llowing	phrasal	verbs.	
	: -) brea		1 - 1 - M		(b)	ran ou	t of			*
		(c		n over			(d)) give in	1			
		_	*		et entior	n from the	se aive	n in the b	racket	S.		
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		(a	i) He		k	out no on	e nau s	een nis n	illoonig	таркор.		
			10.54	ed for)		er a v	12.		hie nl	d friend	while in .	Jaipur.
		. (b) Raji	v was d	letermin	ed to		up	11112 01	G mone		
				k up /loc						بدواميد		
	15	, F	ill in the	blanks	using a	collective	noun f	rom those	e given	below.	ere jir	
1.		- 6	armv. Si	varm, flo	eet, gala	xy, jury)						
.*						nered with	n a		of s	stars.		
								ed the cro	p.			
			b) A_						4			0000
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	16.	Fill in the blanks using the suitable degree of the adjective given in the brackets. (a) Milk is than any other food. (nourishing) (b) Radium is one of the metals (valuable)
		Correct the errors in the words given in italics
	17.	(a) The electronic car is a welcome addition to the world of automobiles.(b) He suffers from cronic indigestion.
	. 18.	(a) His clam to fame was his participation in a TV show.(b) The small village lacked basic faculties.
	19.	(a) You will not be the victim of superstition and demography in religion and politics if you possess knowledge.
		(b) Before he could <i>rich</i> the site of crime, the criminals had escaped.
	20.	Fill in the blanks with suitable words from those given in brackets. (maddening, exercise, echoes, pulse)
	•	Piccadilly Circus was full of loneliness. It seethes and with it. Looking down on it is a discomforting You can't feel the of London here, though people expect to. To Londoners, it is a obstruction between one place and another.
	21.	Choose the correct option from the brackets.
		(a) I told you that you wrong about her. (was/were)
		(b) I make sure that I know the poem by tomorrow. (shall/ will)
	22.	Fill in the blanks with the appropriate word from the bracket.
		(a) She takes the bus to work day. (early, many, every)
		(b) We ate dinner and we watched a film. (then, since, so)
	23.	Use the correct tense of the verb in the bracket.
- 1		(a) I of going to Japan. (think)
		(b) He ill since last week. (is)
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Read the paragraphs and answer the questions given below:

- 24. Erosion of America's farmland by wind and water has been a problem since settlers first put the prairies and grasslands under the plow in the nineteenth century. By the 1930s, more than 282 million acres of farmland were damaged by erosion. After 40 years of conservation efforts, soil erosion has accelerated due to new demands placed on the land by heavy crop production. In the years ahead, soil erosion and the pollution problems it causes are likely to replace petroleum scarcity as the nation's most critical natural resource problem.
 - (a) What has hastened the process of soil erosion?
 - (b) What are the issues that are likely to replace petroleum scarcity as America's critical Problem?
- 25. Opera refers to a dramatic art form, originating in Europe, in which the emotional content is conveyed to the audience as much through music, both vocal and instrumental, as it is through the lyrics. By contrast, in musical theatre an actor's dramatic performance is primary, and the music plays a lesser role. The drama in opera is presented using the primary elements of theatre such as scenery, costumes, and acting. However, the words of the opera, or libretto, are sung rather than spoken. The singers are accompanied by a musical ensemble.
 - (a) How is Opera different from musical theatre?
 - (b) What are the elements used to convey/present drama in opera?
- 26. A stout old lady was walking with her basket down the middle of a street in Petrograd to the great confusion of the traffic and with no small peril to herself. It was pointed out to her that the pavement was the place for pedestrians, but she replied: 'I'm going to walk where I like. We've got liberty now'. It did not occur to the dear old lady that if liberty entitled the pedestrian to walk down the middle of the road, then the end of such liberty would be universal chaos. Everybody would be getting in everybody else's way and nobody would get anywhere. Individual liberty would have become social anarchy.
 - (a) In the author's opinion, what would unrestrained individual liberty result in?
 - (b) Identify a word from the passage that means the following: a state of disorder due to absence or non-recognition of authority.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

111.	Answer any six of the following questions. Each question carries 4 marks.	
27.	Fill in the blanks with the correct option.	
	(a) He the rules. (flaunted/flouted)	
	(b) They each other and so made excellent partners. (complemented/complimented)	
	(c) He runs an business but has never been arrested. (elicit/illicit)	
	(d) He loved visiting the store. (stationery/stationary)	
28.	Fill in the blanks with suitable phrases from those given in the brackets.	
	(dive into, break down, turn down, put out, believe in, look into, check out, cheer up)	
	(a) I will the matter.	
	(b) It's so loud here. Can you the radio a little?	
	(c) The firemen were able to the fire in Church Street.	
	(d) Do you miracles?	1000
29.	Correct the errors in any four of the following sentences.	
	(a) Time and tide wait for no man.	
	(b) Shane and Harry has been friends since childhood.	
	(c) He, with his brothers, plan to go for a movie.	!
	(d) Netherlands is a wind-swept country.	
	(e) The violinist and painter are dead.	
30.	Correct the error in the section in italics in any four of the following sentences.	
4	(a) How a terrible fire this is!	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(b) So a piece of work is man!	
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(c)	He said, "Alas! You have done well".
(d)	That birthday cake was how good!
(e)	So a coincidence this is!
31. Fill	in the blanks with suitable pronouns.
(a)	The boys are riding bikes.
(b)	Let help you carry these bags.
(c)	That red dress is
(d)	They will look after
32. Co	rrect the error in the section in italics.
(a)	He is late than I expected.
(b)	After this he made no farther remarks.
(c)	Mr. Smith is the eldest teacher in the school.
(d)	
33. Fil	I in the blanks with suitable words from those given in brackets.
(ir	iferences, range, memorization, shaping, insecurity, thoughtful, contrary, liture)
e: e:	to some people's view, the study of history is not the of names, dates, and places. It is the camination of the forces that have shaped the courses of human life. We can about current vents. Another benefit of the study of history is the of human vents. Another benefit of the study of history is the of human vents.
N n	latters ofare also included in an area also included in a state and all area and area also included in a state and area also included in a state also included in a
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34. Rewrite the sentences replacing the italicised words with the appropriate word from the brackets. (mundane, lair, philanthropist, scapegoat, aesthetics, virtue, nascent) (a) Patience is seen as a behaviour showing the high moral standards of a (b) They used him; he became the person who was blamed for the wrongdoings. (c) I am bored with the ordinary and dull life of the quarantined days. (d) He became a person who loves mankind after joining Buddhism. 35. Fill in the blanks with the correct option from those given in the brackets. (a) It was a dark, moonlit night when the traveller _____ at the inn. (had arrived, arrived) (b) I'll call you when I _____ home. (got, get) (c) It _____ all night. (has been raining, is raining) (d) When I go to university, I may _____ history. (studying, study) Read the passage and answer the questions given below. 36. The first impressions of the Himalayas are their immensity, their magnificence and their majesty. How awe-inspiring, beautiful and breath-taking is their grandeur. The wonders of this gigantic creation are not easily expressed in words. The magic enchantment of their scenic beauty lingers long after the visit has ended- and brings back time and again a feeling of nostalgia, of happy moments spent there. Today, these lofty, eternally crowned, majestic white peaks form a pearly necklace around the neck of the world's largest tablelandthe Tibetan plateau. They provide our land with the necessities of life, bestow numerous benefits, give joy and sometimes, even sorrow. (a) Identify a word from the passage that means 'soaring'.

(b) Use the word 'bestow' in a sentence of your own.

(c) What is the writer's first impression about the Himalayas?

(d) According to the writer, what does the Himalayas offer beyond beauty?

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- 37. The victory of the small Greek democracy of Athens over the mighty Persian Empire in 490 B.C. is one of the most famous events in history. Darius, king of the Persian Empire, was furious because Athens had interceded for the other Greek city-states in revolt against Persian domination. In anger the king sent an enormous army to defeat Athens. The Persian army attacked, and Greek citizens fought bravely. The power of the mighty Persians was offset by the love that the Athenians had for their city. Athenians defeated the Persians in both archery and hand combat. Greek soldiers seized Persian ships and burned them, and the Persians fled in terror. Herodotus, a famous historian, reports that 6,400 Persians died, compared to only 192 Athenians.
 - (a) Identify a word from the passage that means 'intervene on behalf of another'.
 - (b) What are the facts reported by Herodotus?
 - (c) Give a suitable title for this passage.
 - (d) How were the Athenians different from the Persians?
- 38. Many great inventions are initially greeted with ridicule and disbelief. The invention of the airplane was no exception. Although many people who heard about the first powered flight on December 17,1903 were excited and impressed, others reacted with peals of laughter. The idea of flying an aircraft was repulsive to some people. Such people called Wilbur and Orville Wright, the inventors of the first flying machine, impulsive fools. Negative reactions, however, did not stop the Wrights. Impelled by their desire to succeed, they continued their experiments in aviation.
 - (a) Use the word 'ridicule' in a sentence of your own.
 - (b) To which word in the passage is 'disgusting' closest in meaning to?
 - (c) How did people react to the idea of an airplane?
 - (d) How would you describe the character of the Wrights?

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

IV. Answer any two of the following questions, choosing one each from any two groups. Each carries 15 marks.

GROUP A

39. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below

Mount Vesuvius, a volcano located between the ancient Italian cities of Pompeli and Herculaneum, has received much attention because of its frequent and destructive eruptions. The most famous of these eruptions occurred in A.D. 79.

The volcano had been inactive for centuries. There was little warning of the coming eruption, although one account unearthed by archaeologists says that a hard rain and a strong wind had disturbed the celestial calm during the preceding night. Early the next morning, the volcano poured a huge river of molten rock down upon Herculaneum, completely burying the city and filling the harbor with coagulated lava.

Meanwhile, on the other side of the mountain, cinders, stone and ash rained down on Pompeii. Sparks from the burning ash ignited the combustible rooftops quickly. Large portions of the city were destroyed in the conflagration. Fire, however, was not the only cause of destruction. Poisonous sulfuric gases saturated the air. These heavy gases were not buoyant in the atmosphere and therefore sank toward the earth and suffocated people.

Over the years, excavations of Pompeii and Herculaneum have revealed a great deal about the behavior of the volcano. By analyzing data, much as a zoologist dissects an animal specimen, scientists have concluded that the eruption changed large portions of the area's geography. For instance, it turned the Sarno River from its course and raised the level of the beach along the Bay of Naples. Meteorologists studying these events have also concluded that Vesuvius caused a huge tidal wave that affected the world's climate.

In addition to making these investigations, archaeologists have been able to study the skeletons of victims by using distilled water to wash away the volcanic ash. By strengthening the brittle bones with acrylic paint, scientists have been able to examine the skeletons and draw conclusions about the diet and habits of the residents. Finally, the excavations at both Pompeii and Herculaneum have yielded many examples of classical art, such as jewelry made of bronze, which is an alloy of copper and tin. The eruption of Mount Vesuvius and its tragic consequences have provided everyone with a wealth of data about the effects that volcanoes can have on the surrounding area. Today, volcanologists can locate and predict eruptions, saving lives and preventing the destruction of other cities and cultures.

(1)	is a phrase in the passage which means 'unexpectedly'.
(2)	is the word used in the passage for 'find something in the ground by digging'.
(3)	'Eruption' in the passage is related to
	(a) Temper tantrum (b) rash
	(c) release of magma (d) none of the above
(4)	is a single word for 'an extensive fire which destroys a great deal of land/property'.
(5)	'Brittle' in the given context means ———
	(a) Soft (b) Tough
	(c) Inflexible (d) Fragile
(6)	Use the phrase 'great deal of in a sentence of your own.
(7)	The word — from the passage is a synonym of 'flammable'.
(8)	Pick out the antonym of 'creation' from the passage.
(9)	The phrase in the passage means 'fatal results'.
(10)	The antonym for 'celestial' is
(11)	Which phrase in the passage means 'a bulk of information'?
(12) The word ———— means 'to change into solid or semi-solid state'.
(13) ———is a single word for 'able to keep afloat'.
(14) The word — in the passage refers to 'a metal made up of different metallic elements'.
(15) Make a sentence of your own with the word 'yield'.

40	Answer all the following questions.
	(Fill in the blanks with suitable articles, prepositions, conjunctions, adverbs or adjectives)
ę.	(1)schools will shortly close for the Christmas holidays.
	(2) Computers have been shrinking — size ever since the introduction — the concept almost two centuries and the latest developments _ microchip manufacturing is likely to make them even smaller.
	(3) Knocking at the gate, he demanded admission.
	(4) She was sitting ——— him.
	(5) I am prepared.
	(6) John Doe, who graduated — the University of North Carolina two years ago, is now doing graduate work — engineering — Georgia Tech. He expects to receive his Master's degree next June.
	(7) He would make a good statesman than a philosopher. (Use the correct degree of "good")
	(8) ——— you are mistaken.
	(9) He is to blame.
	(10) ———— Sunil ———— Anil will give an inch in an argument.
	Rewrite as directed
	(11) They laughed at him. (Use passive voice)
	(12) "What have you written, Ravi?" the teacher said. (Change to Indirect Speech)
	(13) Let's play by the stream Sneha suggested with excitement. (Punctuate the
	sentence)
	sentence) (14) The Rose is very beautiful. (Write as exclamatory sentence)

41. Read the passage and answer the questions given below

In the 16th century, an age of great marine and terrestrial exploration, Ferdinand Magellan led the first expedition to sail around the world. As a young Portuguese noble, he served the king of Portugal, but he became involved in the quagmire of political intrigue at court and lost the king's favour. After he was dismissed from service by the king of Portugal, he offered to serve the future Emperor Charles V of Spain.

A papal decree of 1493 had assigned all land in the New World west of 50 degrees W longitude to Spain and all the land east of that line to Portugal. Magellan offered to prove that the East Indies fell under Spanish authority. On September 20, 1519. Magellan set sail from Spain with five ships. More than a year later, one of these ships was exploring the topography of South America in search of a water route across the continent. This ship sank, but the remaining four ships searched along the southern peninsula of South America. Finally they found the passage they sought near 50 degrees S latitude. Magellan named this passage the Strait of All Saints, but today it is known as the Strait of Magellan.

One ship deserted while in this passage and returned to Spain, so fewer sailors were privileged to gaze at that first panorama of the Pacific Ocean. Those who remained crossed the meridian now known as the International Date Line in the early spring of 1521 after 98 days on the Pacific Ocean. During those long days at sea, many of Magellan's men died of starvation and disease.

Later, Magellan became involved in an insular conflict in the Philippines and was killed in a tribal battle. Only one ship and 17 sailors under the command of the Basque navigator Elcano survived to complete the westward journey to Spain and thus prove once and for all that the world is round, with no precipice at the edge.

(b)

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	(c) advocate	(d)	admiration		
	(a) kindness	(b)	favour		
(3)	Find the word in the passa	ge which is	the opposite of 'd	lisapprova	ľ
	(c) spy for	(d)	none of these		
	(a) work for	(b)	liaison for		
(2)	The phrase "offered to ser	ve" in the pa	ssage means		
	(c) speed	(d)	journey		

(1) The word 'expedition' in the passage is closest in meaning to

(a) expertise

						•	
(4)	(a) c	ynonym for 'decree' is command abel	(b)	summit none of the	e above		
(5)	Use th	ne word 'passage' in a	sentence o	f your own.			
(6)	When	did the explorers cros	s the Intern	ational Date	e Line?		
(7)	(a) (c) (c)	vord 'quagmire' in the p complex desirous	(d)	none of th	e above		
(8)	1493.						4
	, i I	lt assigned all land in t Portugal					3
ar _{asi} sis	1	It assigned all land in t Portugal.					
		It assigned all land in t Greece.	he New Wo	orld west of	50 degrees V	V longitude	e to
	(d)	None of these					
(9)	(a)	t is the Strait of All Sai Strait of Gibraltar Strait of Magellan	nts now kno (b) (d)	own as? Strait of I Strait of I			for any first the commence of the conflict.
(10	(a)	t was the fate of Mage They were filled with a Many died of starvation None deserted the sh None of these	wonder at the on and disea	eir discove	r (1)		And the second s
(1	1) How	does the author desc	ribe the 16 th	century?			
		did Magellan offer to	1. 1		or of Spain?		
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	(14)	How did Magellan's end come about?
	(15)	Suggest a suitable title for the passage.
	,	GROUP – B
42.		t the error in the underlined sections in the following sentences. If there is no r, the answer is 'd'.
	(1)	l often visited her and was quite puzzled (a) (b)
		to see the dreadful pictures hung on the wall. No Error (c) (d)
	(2)	Being very often ill and frequently absent, he had no opportunity to finish his work. (a) (b) (c)
		No Error. (d)
	(3)	By whom was Mr. Awdbesh Singh worshiped as the Gandhi of our time? (a) (b) (c)
	*.	No Error. (d)
	(4)	Mr. Gupta disowned his son only because he was married (a) (b)
		a girl he didn't approve. No Error. (c) (d)
	(5)	We advised him to marry off his daughter because she had (a) (b)
		come to marriageable age. No error. (c) (d)
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(13) What was the purpose of the journey he undertook for Spain?

		A					*	
	(6)	They did n	ot know	why the t	wo brothers w	ere fiahtina v	vith each of	her.
	(*)		(a)		(b)		(c)	
		No Error.						
		(d)					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	(7)	He exclaim	ed with s	orrow that	his brother pa	ssed away ius	st two month	ns before.
	(,,	710 071011111	(a)		(b)			c)
		No Error.						·
		(d)						
	(8)	They exclai	imed and	said that t	hey have neve	r seen such a	beautiful pic	ture before.
	(0)	(a)	4	OCHO WINK	(b)		(c)	
,								
		No Error.			4		-	
		(d)						
	(9)	This Young	g lady is	more bea	utiful than he	r younger sist	er. No Erro	or.
		(a)		, (b)	(c)	(d)	
	(10)	He sugges	sted that	I should o	lo all my work	as quickly lik	e him. No	Error.
		(a)		:	(b)	(c)		(d)
								1.5
			al Albanda Da		والمراجعة ويستقيم المرا	مام فريط فطي	see not list	on to mo
	(11)		d that Re	agini shou	id stay the nig	aht but she do		en to me.
	(11)	I suggeste (a)	d that Ra	agini shou	(b)	aht but she do	ces not list	en to me.
	(11)		d that Ra	agini shou	The state of the s	<u>ght but she d</u>		en to me.
	(11)	(a)	d that Ra	agini shou	The state of the s	<u>ght but she d</u>		en to me.
		(a) No Error. (d)			(b)		(c)	en to me.
		(a) No Error. (d)	ıs walkin	g in the fi	The state of the s		(c)	en to me.
		(a) No Error. (d) While I wa	ıs walkin	g in the fi	(b) eld at night, a	snake bit me	(c) . <u>No Error</u> .	en to me.
		(a) No Error. (d) While I wa	ıs walkin	g in the fi	(b) eld at night, a	snake bit me	(c) . <u>No Error</u> .	en to me. N – 2286
		(a) No Error. (d) While I wa	ıs walkin	g in the fi	(b) eld at night, a	snake bit me	(c) . <u>No Error</u> .	
		(a) No Error. (d) While I wa	ıs walkin	g in the fi	(b) eld at night, a	snake bit me	(c) . <u>No Error</u> .	

	(a) (b) (c) (d)
	(14) Not only drinking but also smoking is a very injurious to health. No Error.
	(a) (b) (c) (d)
	(15) A ray of light passing through the center of a lens keep its original direction.
	(a) (b) (c)
	No Error.
	(d)
3.	Read the passage and answer the questions given below
	Among the main factors that led to Teotihuacán's tremendous development are
	its geographic location on a natural trade route to the south and east of the
	Valley of Mexico, the obsidian resources in the Teotihuacan Valley itself, and the
	valley's potential for extensive irrigation. The exact role of other factors is much
	more difficult to ninnoint - for instance. Tentilularan e reunique significance as a

(13) They are very senior to me, so I dare not play a joke on them. No Error.

This last factor is at least circumstantially implicated in Teotihuacán's rise. Prior to 200 B.C., a number of relatively small centers coexisted in and near the Valley of Mexico. Around this time, the largest of these centers, Cuicuilco, was seriously affected by a volcanic eruption, with much of its agricultural land covered by lava. with Cuicuilco eliminated as a potential rival, Teotihuacán was the center that did arise as the predominant force in the area by the first century A.D.

shrine, the historical situation in and around the Valley of Mexico toward the end of the first millennium B.C., the ingenuity and foresightedness of Teotihuacan's elite, and, finally, the impact of natural disasters, such as the volcanic eruptions

of the late first millennium B.C.

It seems likely that Teotihuacán's natural resources-along with the city elite's ability to recognize their potential-gave the city a competitive edge over its neighbors. The valley, like many other places in Mexican and Guatemalan highlands, was rich in obsidian. The hard volcanic stone was a resource that had been in great demand for many years, at least since the rise of the Olmecs (a people who flourished between 1200 and 400 B.C.), and it apparently had a secure market. Moreover, recent research on obsidian tools found at Olmec sites has shown that some of the obsidian obtained by the Olmecs originated near Teotihuacán.

Long-distance trade in obsidian probably gave the elite residents of Teotihuacán access to a wide variety of exotic goods, as well as a relatively prosperous life. Such success may have attracted immigrants to Teotihuacán. It is also probable that as early as 200 B.C. Teotihuacán may have achieved some religious significance and its shrine (or shrines) may have served as an additional population magnet. Finally, the growing population was probably fed by increasing the number and size of irrigated fields.

The picture of Teotihuacán that emerges is a classic picture of positive feedback among obsidian mining and working, trade, population growth, irrigation and religious tourism. The thriving obsidian operation, for example, would necessitate more miners, additional manufacturers of obsidian tools, and additional traders to carry the goods to new markets. All this led to increased wealth, which in turn would attract more immigrants to Teotihuacán.

(1) The word 'tremendous' in the passage is closest in meaning to

- (a) extraneous
- (b) entity

(c) dread

(d) great scale

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		the state of the singular in	n tha n	assage can mean difficu	th to ₹
(2)		phrase 'difficult to pinpoint' i	(b)	relate	
	(a) (c)	narrate	(d)	identify	
	` '			and the second	A. 15.
(3)	Find	the word in the passage wh			
	(a)	extensive	(b)	labour	
	(c)	minimum	(d)	agriculture	
(4)	The	synonym for 'significance' is	3		
(1)	(a)	unanimous	(b)	excellent	
	(c)	important	(d)	none of the above	
	` '			alacat in manning to	
(5)	The	word 'ingenuity' in the pass		assertion	
	(a)	creativity	(b)		
	(c)	analyse	(d)	none of the above	
(6)	Use	the word 'foresightedness'	in a se	ntence of your own.	na stanta
(7)	The	word 'exotic' in the passage	is clo	set in meaning to	** •
(,)	(a)	natural	(b)	foreign	
	(c)	unbelievable	(d)	none of the above	
			·		
(8)		ntify the statement which is		anificance	
-	(a)	Teotihuacán had no econo			
	(b)	Teotihuacán had no religio			
	(c)	Teotihuacán had religious	signiii	cance	
	(d)	None of these			
(9)	Wh	o were the Olmecs?			
. (-)	(a)	The people of Teotihuacá	n		
	(b)				1
	(c)				
	(d)		etwee	n 1200 and 400 B.C.	
	()		18		N-2
			10		

(10)	What are the main factors that led to Teotihuacán's development?
(11)	What gave the city advantage over its neighbours?
(12)	How did the fall of Cuicuilco effect Teotihuacán?
(13)	Why were immigrants attracted to Teotihuacán?
(14)	What is the impression that one receives of Teotihuacán?
(15)	Suggest a suitable title for the passage.
. Ansv	ver all of the following questions, Fill in the blanks with suitable articles, ositions, conjunctions, adverbs or adjectives.
	Whose socks are ———? Do we have ——— peanut butter?
(3)	You can't count — his help.
(4)	I stroked the cat ———
(5)	the black dress the gray one looks right on me.
(6)	read the first few pages of a book before I buy it.
(7)	it's your birthday, I will buy you a gift.
(8)	David comes ———— Bryan in the line, but ———— Louise.
(9)	Jim was walking the campus noon when he met a friend whom he had not seen summer. They stopped the gymnasium.
(10)	Mr. Hill arrived in New York — May 10 — eight o'clock — the evening. He decided to call on his uncle who lived — Fifth Avenue.
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Rewrite as directed

- (11) He was made admiral by them. (Change to Active voice)
- (12) Rahul said to Deepa, "Will you be going to school today?". (Change into indirect speech).
- (13) Shut the door. (Change to Passive voice)
- (14) Priya told me that I should keep in mind that the weather was very cold and to dress accordingly. (Change into direct speech)
- (15) Galileo that the earth moves round the sun. (Use the correct verb form of 'maintain'.)

(Pages: 4)

Reg. No.:....

Third Semester B.A./B.Sc. Degree Examination, March 2022 First Degree Programme Under CBCSS Language Course -Additional Language - Hindi HN 1311.1 - HINDI NATAK, VYAKARAN TATHA ANUVAD

(2020 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

- एक या दो बाक्यों में उत्तर लिखिए।
- सकुबाई ने अपनी बेटी का नाम साइली क्यों रखा?
- 2. सुरेखा रानी कौन है?
- 3. वासंती की मृत्यु कैसे हुई?
- सकुबाई रूगटा साहब को कैसे जानती है?
- सकुबाई को अपने काका लोगों पर गुस्सा क्यों आया?
- तत्सम शब्द क्या है? उदाहरण लिखिए।
- 7. क्रिया की परिभाषा लिखिए।
- 'चरखा' शब्द का बहुवचन रूप लिखिए।

- आकारात पुर्छिग शब्द के स्त्रीलिंग रूप में क्या परिवर्तन आता है?
- 10. उद्देश्य और विधेय में क्या अंतर है?

- किन्हीं आठ प्रश्नों के लघु उत्तर (करीब 50 शब्दों में) लिखिए।
- 11. सकुबाई और उसकी माँ ने बंबई जाने का निर्णय क्यों लिया?
- 12. सकुबाई के पिता के बारे में लिखिए।
- 13. पति की मृत्यु के बाद शहनाज़ की ज़िंदगी कैसे बदल गई?
- 14. नाटककार नादिरा जहीर बब्बर का परिचय दीजिए।
- 15. रौकी के संदर्भ में अमीर-गरीब के जीवन की तुलना सकुबाई कैसे करती है?
- 16. माँ-बाप ने सकुबाई की शादी केलिए जल्दबाजी क्यों दिखाई?
- 17. ''मेरे हाथ बर्तन माँजते-माँजते सड़ जाएँगे।... लेखिन तेरी लड़की को कभी बर्तन माँजने नहीं दूँगी''। सकुबाई ने अपने पित से ऐसा क्यों कहा?
- 18. पूजा कपूर कौन है? उसके परिवार का परिचय दीजिए।
- 19. तत्पुरुष समास को समझाइए।
- 20. बाच्य क्या है? उसके भेदों का संक्षिप्त परिचय दीजिए।
- 21. योगरूढ़ शब्द को सोदाहरण समझाइए।
- 22. पदबंध (वाक्यांश) की परिभाषा लिखिए। उसके भेद क्या-क्या हैं?
- 23. विशेषणों की तुलनावस्था से क्या तात्पर्य है?
- 24. भाव वाचक संज्ञाएँ किन-किन शब्द भेदों से बनती हैं?
- 25. सर्वनाम और सार्वनामिक विशेषण के बीच के अंतर को सोदाहरण समझाइए।

- 26. लिंग बदलिए
 - (a) भैंस
 - (b) दासी
 - (c) ভিতৰা
 - (d) बेगम

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

- III. किन्हीं कह प्रश्नों के उत्तर (करीब 120 शब्दों में) लिखिए।
- 27. मामा के घर छोड़ने के बाद सकुबाई के परिवार की क्या दशा थी?
- 28. सकुबाई की चरित्रगत विशेषताओं पर प्रकाश डालिए।
- 29. मिश्राइन का परिचय दीजिए।
- 30. 'सकुबाई' नाटक के उद्देश्य पर विचार कीजिए।
- 31. ''ऐसे कितने सारे अपमान हम औरतें इसलिए सह लेती हैं कि घरों में कोई क्लेश न हो। चाहे वो क्लेश हमें जीते-जी जलाते रहे...'' सप्रसंग व्याख्या कीजिए।
- 32. सकुबाई और उसके पति के बीच का रिश्ता कैसा था? सविस्तार लिखिए।
- 33. भूतकाल क्या है? उसके भेदों का परिचय दीजिए।
- 34. अर्थ के आधार पर क्रियाविशेषण के भेदों पर प्रकाश डालिए।
- 35. संयुक्त क्रिया पर टिप्पणी लिखिए।
- 36. मध्यमपुरुष आप और निजवाचक आप में क्या-क्या अंतर हैं?
- 37. संधि का सविस्तार परिचय दीजिए।
- 38. रचना के आधार पर वाक्य के भेदों पर प्रकाश डालिए।

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

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- IV. किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर (करीब 250 शब्दों में) लिखिए।
- 39. 'सकुबाई' स्त्री के आत्मसम्मान और स्वावलंबन पर जोर देनेवाला नाटक है। नाटक के विभिन्न प्रसंगों के आधार पर विचार कीजिए।
- 40. हमारे समाज में गरीब लोगों की ज़िंदगी काफी दुस्सह होती जा रही है। 'सकुबाई' नाटक के आधार पर सिद्ध कीजिए।
- 41. कृदंत क्या है? उसके भेदों पर प्रकाश डालिए।
- 42. कारक किसे कहते हैं? उसके विभिन्न भेदों का परिचय दीजिए।
- 43. हिंदी में अनुवाद कीजिए।

Cinemas have a high educative value. It is not possible for the people of our country to know the customs and manners and the general life of the people of another country, unless they go there and read about them in books. Moreover it is only the educated section of the people, who can have this advantage. But by means of films produced in one country, the cinema makes it possible to spread this knowledge amongst the masses of another country, whether educated or otherwise. As a means of spreading ideas, the cinema is highly valuable.

44. नाटक के तत्वों के आधार पर सकुबाई नाटक की विवेचना कीजिए।

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(Pages: 4)

Reg. N	lo.	:	*****	******		
Name					******	

Third Semester B.A./B.Sc. Degree Examination, March 2022 First Degree Programme under CBCSS Language Course VII – Additional Language III – Malayalam

ML 1311.1 : ഭൃശ്യകലാസാഹിത്യം

(2019 & 2020 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

Part - A

ഒരു വാക്കിലോ ഒറ്റ വാചകത്തിലോ ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക.

- 1. അന്റോണിയോ റിക്കി എന്ന കഥാപാത്രം പ്രതൃക്ഷപ്പെടുന്ന ചലച്ചിത്രമേത്?
- 2. പ്രാചീനകവിത്രയത്തിൽ ജനകീയകവി എന്ന വിശേഷണമുള്ള കവി ആര്?
- 'സ്ലേഹദുതൻ' ആരുടെ കൃതിയാണ്?
- 'കൂർത്ത ശരാവലി കൊണ്ടുടനവരുടെ മൂർത്തി പിളർപ്പാൻ ഞാനൊരുവൻ മതി' - ആരുടെ വാക്കുകളാണിത്?
- 5. നളചരിതാ ആട്ടക്കഥയ്ക്ക് ഏ.ആർ. രാജരാജവർമ്മ രചിച്ച വ്യാഖ്യാനമേത് ?
- നിൻബന്ധം നീ പോയ്പ്പറകിലുമവൻ സർവവും വിനൂരിക്കും - ആരുടെ ശാപവാക്കൂകളാണിത്?
- 7. പി.എം. താജ് രചിച്ച രണ്ടു നാടകങ്ങളുടെ പേരെഴുതുക.

- 8. ബൈസിക്കിൾ തീവ്സ് എന്ന ചലച്ചിത്രം പുറത്തിറങ്ങിയ വർഷമേത് ?
- 'മലയാള ശാകുന്നളം' ഏതു സാഹിത്യവിഭാഗത്തിൽ പെടുന്ന കൃതിയാണ്?
- 10. കഥകളിയുടെ സാഹിത്യരൂപമേത്?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

Part - B

ഒരു ഖണ്ഡികയിൽ ഏതെങ്കിലും എട്ടു ചോദ്യത്തിന് ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക.

- കണ്ടാലറിയാതുള്ള ശഠന്മാർ
 കൊണ്ടാലറിയും കളിയല്ലരശാ! സൂചിതം വ്യക്തമാക്കുക.
- 12. 'ഈ വിളക്ക്, ഇത് നിങ്ങളുടേതല്ല. ഇതു ഞാൻ എന്റെ സ്കൂളിൽ വെച്ച് സമ്മാനം നേടിയതാണ്? -ആരുടെ വാക്കുകൾ? സന്ദർഭമേത്?
- 13. യൗവ്വനം വന്നുദിച്ചിട്ടും ചെറുതായില്ല ചെറുപ്പം സൂചനയെന്ത്?
- 14. ദുഷ്യന്തനു നൽകാൻ കാശ്യപൻ ശാർങ്ഗരവനോട് പറഞ്ഞ സന്ദേശമെന്തായിരുന്നു?
- 15. വിറ്റോറിയ ഡിസീക്ക പരിചയപ്പെടുത്തുക.
- 16. പാണ്ഡവാദികളെക്കുറിച്ച് ഓട്ടൻ ദുര്യോധനനോട് പറഞ്ഞ കഥകളെന്തെല്ലാം?
- പ്രിയമാനസാ നീ പോയ് വരേണം
 പ്രിയയോടെന്റെ വാർത്തകൾ ചൊല്വാൻ
 നളൻ ഇപ്രകാരം പറയുന്നതാരോടാണ്? എപ്പോൾ?
- 18. സബർമതിയേക്കാൾ ഇന്നത്തെ മനുഷ്യൻ അറിയുന്നതും നവഖലിയാ സൂഷ്ട്രിയേക്കാൾ നശീകരണം വേണുവിന്റെ ഈ വാക്കുകൾ വ്യക്തമാക്കുന്നതെന്ത്?
- 19. കാട്ടിൽ ചെന്ന് കായ്കനി തിന്നു കിടന്നാലും എന്ന് ദുര്യോധനൻ പറയുന്നതാരോടാണ്? എന്തുകൊണ്ട്?
- 20. രാജകൊട്ടാരത്തിലേക്ക് യാത്രയാകുന്ന ശകുന്നളയെ വനദേവതമാർ അനുഗ്രഹിച്ചത് എപ്രകാരമായിരുന്നു?

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- 21. "എന്തൊരു ധർമ്മസങ്കടം ചത്തിട്ടും ഞങ്ങളെ ഉപദ്രവിക്കുന്നുവോ ശവമേ" സന്ദർഭം വിശദമാക്കുക
- കുറുനരി ലക്ഷം കൂടുകിലും ഒരു
 ചെറുപുലിയോടു ഫലിക്കില്ലേതും സൂചിതമെന്ത്?
- 23. തിരക്കഥ കുറിപ്പെഴുതുക.
- 24. അതിദുഃഖകാരണമിന്നാരാമ സഞ്ചരണം മുഃഖകാരണമെന്ത്?
- 25. ഭർത്തൃഗൃഹത്തിലേക്ക് യാത്രയാകുന്ന ശകൃന്തളയോടുള്ള കാശ്യപന്റെ ഉപദേശമെന്തായിരുന്നു?
- 26. നമ്മുടെ ചോർ തിന്നുന്നൊരു ദുഷ്യനു നമ്മുടെ വൈരികളിൽ ബഹുമാനം - മുര്യോധനൻ ഇപ്രകാരം പറയാനിടയായതെന്തുകൊണ്ട്?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

Part - C

ഒരു പൂറത്തിൽ കവിയാരെ ഏതെങ്കിലും ആറ് ചോദ്യത്തിന് ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക.

- 27. യുള്<mark>ധാനന്തര</mark> ഇറ്റലിയിലെ സാധാരണക്കാരായ മനുഷ്യരുടെ സ്വപ്നങ്ങളും വേദനകളും പങ്കുവെക്കുന്ന സിനിമയാണ് ബൈസിക്കിൾ തീവ്സ് വിശദീകരിക്കുക.
- ഏറ്റ വസ്തു തിരികെക്കൊടുത്ത പോ-ലേറ്റവും തെളിമപൂണ്ടിതെന്മനം - വ്യാഖ്യാനിക്കുക.
- ഗാന്ധിയൻ ഹ്യൂമനിസത്തിന്റെ വ്യാഖ്യാനമായി എഴുതപ്പെട്ട നാടകമാണ് സബർമതി ദൂരെയാണ്

 പരിശോധിക്കുക.
- 30. കാട്ടിൽ വസിക്കുന്ന പാണ്ഡവന്മാരുടെ കഥകൾ കേട്ട് അസ്വസ്ഥനായ ദുര്യോധനനെ കർണ്ണൻ സമാധാനിപ്പിച്ചത് എപ്രകാരമായിരുന്നു?
- 31. രാവുണ്ണി എന്ന കഥാപാത്രത്തിന്റെ സ്വഭാവസവിശേഷതകൾ വിവരിക്കുക.
- 32. ദമയന്തിയും ഹംസവും തമ്മിലുള്ള സംഭാഷണം നളചരിതം ഒന്നാം ദിവസത്തിൽ ഉണ്ണായി വാര്യർ അവതരിപ്പിക്കുന്നത് വിവരിക്കുക.

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- 33. രാജകൊട്ടാരത്തിലേക്ക് യാത്രയാകുമ്പോഴുള്ള തപോവന കാഴ്ചകൾ എന്തെല്ലാമായിരുന്നു?
- 34. അട്ടക്കഥാ സാഹിത്യത്തെ പരിചയപ്പെടുത്തുക.
- 35. മോഷ്ടിക്കപ്പെട്ട സൈക്കിൾ തേടിയുള്ള യാത്ര ബൈസിക്കിൾ തീവ്സിലെ അച്ഛനെയും മകനെയും കൊണ്ടുചെന്നെത്തിക്കുന്ന ജീവിത ഭൃശ്യങ്ങൾ ഏവ? ചർച്ച ചെയ്യുക.
- 36. കഥാപാത്രനിരൂപണം നടത്തുക ശാന്തി.
- കടക്കെണിയുടെ തീരാക്കഥയാണ് പി.എം. താജിന്റെ 'രാവുണ്ണി' പങ്കുവെയ്ക്കുന്നത് പരിശോധിക്കുക.
- 38. കണ്ണുകാണാൻ വയ്യെങ്കിലെന്ത്? മറു ജാതിടെ മാനം നേടാൻ നടക്കുന്ന യോഗ്യൻ ആരുടെ വാക്കുകൾ? സന്ദർഭം വിവരിക്കുക.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

Part - D

ഏതെങ്കിലും രണ്ട് ചോദ്യത്തിന് മൂന്നു പുറത്തിൽ കവിയാതെ ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക.

- 39. ഉദ്വേശപൂർണ്ണമായ ഒരു ജീവിതകഥ തീകച്ചും നാടകീയമായ രൂപവിധാനത്തോടെ ആവീഷ്ക്കരിച്ചിട്ടുള്ള കൃതിയാണ് നളചരിതം ആട്ടക്കഥ പാഠഭാഗത്തെ മുൻനിർത്തി അപഗ്രഥിക്കുക.
- 40. ആദർശലോകവും യഥാർത്ഥ ലോകവും തമ്മിലുള്ള വൈരുദ്ധ്യമാണ് കുഞ്ചൻ നമ്പ്യാരുടെ പരിഹാസത്തിന്റെ അടിവേര് ഘോഷയാത്രയെ ആസ്പദമാക്കി വിശകലനം ചെയ്യുക.
- 41. മന്നുഷ്യനും പ്രകൃതിയും തമ്മിലുള്ള ജൈവികബന്ധം മനോഹരമായി അവതരിപ്പി ക്കപ്പെടുന്നുണ്ട് മലയാള ശാകുന്തളം നാലാമങ്കത്തിൽ - ശരിയോ? ചർച്ച ചെയ്യുക.
- 42. ഒരു രാഷ്ട്രീയ സിനിമ എന്ന നിലയിൽ ബൈസിക്കിൾ തീവ്സിന്റെ പ്രാധാന്യം സ്ഥാപിക്കുക.
- **43. എതിർപ്പിന്റെ** പ്രവാചകനായാണ് രാവുണ്ണിയെ പി.എം. താജ് 'രാവുണ്ണി'യിൽ അവതരിപ്പി ച്ചിരിക്കുന്നത് - സമർത്ഥിക്കുക.
- 44. ധീരമായ നാടക പരീക്ഷണങ്ങൾ നടത്തിയ നാടകകൃത്ത് എന്ന നിലയ്ക്കാണ് മലയാള നാടകചരിത്രത്തിൽ ജി. ശങ്കരപ്പിള്ളയുടെ സ്ഥാനം - സബർമതി ദൂരെയാണ് എന്ന നാടകത്തെ മുൻനിർത്തി പരിശോധിക്കുക.

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Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2022 First Degree Programme Under CBCSS English Language and Literature

Core Course - III

EN 1341 : BRITISH LITERATURE I

(2020 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

- Answer all questions, each in a word or a sentence.
- 1. Name the author of "A Sweet Nosegay".
- 2. What is ballad?
- 3. Who wrote Amoretti?
- 4. Name a work written during the Anglo-Saxton period.
- 5. Name a tragedy written by Shakespeare.
- 6. Who wrote Gorbuduc?
- 7. Give the year of publication of the Authorized Version of Bible.
- 8. Name any two University Wits.
- 9. Name the author of Ecclesiastical History of English People.
- 10. What is the name of the inn-keeper in Chaucer's "Prologue"?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

- II. Answer any eight, each in a short paragraph not exceeding 50 words.
- 11. Eve in Paradise Lost.
- 12. What is a Sonnet?
- 13. Metaphysical Conceit.
- 14. Imagery in Shakespeare's Sonnet 33.
- 15. Who is a true friend according to Bacon?
- 16. What is a miracle play?
- 17. Revenge tragedy.
- 18. Comment on Helen in Dr. Faustus.
- 19. Caedmon.
- 20. Morality play.
- 21. Thomas Moore.
- 22. How does Chaucer describe the Knight?
- 23. Tottel's Miscellany.
- 24. Interlude.
- 25. The image of moon in A Midsummer Night's Dream.
- 26. Who are the people mentioned in Deor's Lament?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

- III. Answer any six in a paragraph not exceeding 100 words.
- 27. Metaphysical Poetry
- 28. University Wits
- 29. John Webster
- 30. Authorized Version of the Bible

- 31. Humanism
- 32. What causes animosity between Hermia and Helena?
- 33. Restoration drama
- 34. Bacon's views on Friendship
- 35. Beowulf
- 36. Anglo Saxon Chronicle
- 37. How does Aphra Behn describe the characteristics of love in 'Song'?
- 38. Cromwell's Protectorate

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

- IV. Answer any two each in about 300 words.
- 39. Trace the characteristics of Anglo-Saxon literature.
- 40. Features of the Elizabethan age.
- 41. What are the features of Shakespearean sonnets? Cite examples from the prescribed sonnets.
- Write an essay on Bacon's style of writing with special reference to the prescribed essays.
- 43. Puritanism and its effect on literature.
- Trace the history of English literature from the Anglo-Saxon period to the Puritan age.

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Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2022 First Degree Programme under CBCSS English Language and Literature

Foundation Course

EN 1321 : EVOLUTION OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE (2020 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

- I. Answer all questions, each in a word or a sentence.
- 1. The Old English period extended from 600 AD to ----
- 2. Who conquered England in 1066?
- 3. What is Middle English?
- 4. What dialect became a standard for Middle English?
- 5. What is onomatopoeia?
- 6. Give an example for portmanteau word.
- 7. Who wrote Paradise Lost?
- 8. Who wrote the first dictionary of the English Language?
- 9. Expand RP.
- 10. Mention any two examples of various Englishes.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

- Answer any eight of the following, each in a short paragraph not exceeding 50 words.
- Write a short paragraph on the contribution of Spenser.
- 12. The Great Vowel Shift.
- 13. What is Grimm's Law?
- 14. What is consonant shift?
- Mention the Celtic influence on the English language.
- Bible translations.
- Explain suffixation with two examples.
- 18. What is telescoping?
- Give four words in English borrowed from other languages.
- 20. Write a note on Shakespeare.
- 21. What is euphemism?
- 22. Umlaut.
- 23. What is amelioration?
- 24. Early Modern English.
- 25. Scandinavian Influence.
- 26. Digital English.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

- III. Answer any six of the following, each in a paragraph not exceeding 100 words.
- 27. Norman Conquest.
- 28. Descent of English.
- 29. Rise of Standard English.

- 30. Middle English.
- 31. Loss of grammatical gender.
- 32. Language families.
- 33. Dialects of Old English.
- 34. Modern English.
- 35. Spelling reforms.
- 36. The contribution of Milton.
- 37. Dr. Johnson's Dictionary.
- 38. Word formation.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

- IV. Answer any two, each in about 300 words.
- 39. How did English evolve as a global language?
- 40. The growth of vocabulary in English.
- 41. Indo-European family and the descent of English.
- 42. The influence of Bible translation on the English language.
- 43. Semantic changes in English.
- 44. Assess the contribution Chaucer to the English language.

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Reg. No.:

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2022 First Degree Programme under CBCSS

History

Complementary Course VI

HY 1331.2: HISTORY OF MODERN WORLD (1921 - 1955)

(For English and Political Science)

(2019 and 2020 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

PART - A

Answer all questions in one sentences or two each. Each carrying 1 mark.

- 1. Turkey
- 2. Fascism
- 3. Reichstag
- 4. UNO
- 5. WHO
- 6. Treaty of Versailes
- 7. MacArthur

- 8. Winston Churchil
- 9. Bernard Baruch
- 10. Mein Kampf

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

PART -- B

Answer any eight of the following in one paragraph each. Each carries 2 marks.

- 11. Mustapha Kamal Pasha
- 12. Nazism
- 13. General Assembly
- 14. International Court of Justice
- 15 Secretariat of UNO
- 16. UNICEF
- 17. Socialist bloc
- 18. Cold War
- 19. NATO
- 20. Berlin Wall
- 21. Phoney War
- 22. Pearl Harbour attack
- 23. Veto power
- 24. Third World Countries
- 25. Decolonization
- 26. Non Alignment

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

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PART - C

Answer any six of the following in not more than 120 words. Each carrying 4 marks.

- 27. Briefly assess the causes for the rise of Nazism in Germany.
- 28. Briefly assess the causes for the rise of Fascism in Italy.
- 29. Assess the significance of Second World War.
- 30. Assess the functions of the UNO.
- 31. Write a short note on the principles of UNO.
- 32. Write a short note on the Security Council of UNO.
- 33. Give an account of the failures of UNO.
- 34. Write a short note on CENTO.
- 35. Narrate the significance of Warsaw Pact.
- 36. Give an account of Yalta Conference.
- 37. Give an account of the domestic policies of Mustafa Kamal Pasha
- 38. Assess Treaty of Versailles as a cause of Second World War.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

PART - D

Answer any two of the following. Each carries 15 marks.

- 39. Write an essay on the role of Mussolini is spreading Fascism in Italy.
- 40. Point out the results of Second World War.
- 41. Give an account of the significance of UNO in post war world.
- 42. Point out the effects of Cold War.
- 43. Give an account of the alliances of Capitalist bloc.
- 44. Give an account of the various agencies of UNO.

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Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2022 First Degree Programme under CBCSS English Language and Literature Complementary Course

EN 1331: NARRATIVES OF RESISTANCE (2020 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks 80

- I. Answer all questions, each in a word or a sentence:
- How many children does the speaker have in "ID Card"?
- 2. Who wrote Lajja (Shame)?
- 3. How does the poem "Making Peace" end?
- 4. Where is Nighat Sahiba from?
- 5. When did Nelson Mandela become president of South Africa?
- 6. Who translated "Life in My View"?
- 7. Who wrote "Between these Lines"?
- 8. What is the original name of Sojourner Truth?
- 9. Mention any two images from the poem, "Poem in Praise of Menstruation".
- 10. What is the tone of the poem, "What kind of Time Are These"?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

- II. Answer any eight of the following each in a short paragraph not exceeding 50 words:
- 11. Why does the speaker not beg for charity in the poem, "ID Card"?
- 12. What did Kanishka's father do in The Carpet Weaver?
- 13. What happens when all the conspirators are assassinated according to Assange?
- 14. Why does Rich use words like "disappear and "shadow" in her poem?
- 15. How does the poet depict life in "Between these Lines"?
- 16. Why does Sojourner Truth say that women should be entitled to equal rights?
- 17. How are the garment girls treated by the street vagabonds?
- 18. Who is Laird?
- 19. Why was Saraswathi Amma ridiculed?
- 20. Which book changed Jacinta's life?
- 21. How is the father portrayed in Alice Munro's story?
- 22. What is the main concern in 'Poem in Praise of Menstruation"?
- 23. What is the significance of the shadowy place in "What Kind of Times are These"?
- 24. Why is Nelson Mandela an icon of resistance?
- Mention the significance of any one of the three quotations in the beginning of "Conspiracy as Governance".
- 26. How does the poet describe his father in "ID Card"?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

- III. Answer any six of the following, each in a paragraph not exceeding 100 words:
- 27. What does Assange say about zero conspiratorial power?
- 28. Why is peace created according to Levertov?
- 29. The significance of the title of the poem, "ID Card".
- 30. What is the nature and function of resistance?
- Comment on the symbols in "Poem in Praise of Menstruation".
- 32. How does the poem "ID Card" become an act of resistance?
- 33. When was the speech "Ain't I a Woman" delivered?
- 34. Why are the garment girls persecuted?
- 35. How does Saraswathy Amma encompass life in her memoir?
- 36. The main concerns in the novel Carpet Weaver.
- 37. Consider "Between these Lines" as an existential poem.
- 38. How do authoritarian regimes employ conspiracy?

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

- IV. Answer any two, each in about 300 words:
- 39. Make a feminist analysis of any two of the poems you studied.
- 40. Analyse some heterogenous forms of resistance based on the poem you studied.
- 41. Why does The Carpet Weaver become a symbol of resistance?
- 42. How does "Boys and Girls" reflect the gender disparity of the times?

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- 43. How does "ID Card" become the voice of the displaced Palestinians?
- 44. Why does Assange believe that authoritarian regimes conspire to stay in power?

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Reg. No. :

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, January 2023 First Degree Programme under CBCSS English Language and Literature Complementary Course

EN 1331 : NARRATIVES OF RESISTANCE
(2020 Admission Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

- I. Answer all questions in a word or sentence.
- 1. Which poem of Bertolt Brecht is alluded to in the second stanza of Rich's poem?
- 2. Where does the narrator of the poem 'identity Card' work?
- 3. Whose first collection of poetry is 'Countries of the Body'?
- 4. Who is the author of the memoir 'My Childhood'?
- 5. Which is the media organization founded by Julian Assange?
- 6. What was Isabella Baumfree later known as?
- 7. In the story, 'Boys and Girls, who is the narrator's younger brother?
- 8. What was the nickname given to K. Saraswathy Amma?
- 9. Who is the childhood friend of Kanishka?
- 10. Who is Tor gul in the novel, 'Carpet Weavers'?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

- Answer any eight from the following not exceeding 50 words.
- 11. How does "a line of peace might appear"?
- 12. Which lines are repeated throughout "Identity Card" to express the poet's frustration?
- 13. What are the girls who are coming out of the woods carrying?
- 14. What does Julian Assange say about the collaborative secrecy of authoritarian regimes?
- 15. How did Sojourner Truth refute the argument that women can't have as many rights as men?
- 16. Write any two significant features of Jacinta's poetry?
- 17. What are the names of the horses that the narrator's family bought? What happened to those horses?
- 18. According to Saraswathy Amma, what is the most difficult thing in life?
- 19. What does the imagery 'woods' stand for?
- 20. What happens when the journey advances on the wings of thought, as presented in 'Life, In My View?
- 21. Why did Saraswathy Amma hesitate a little to say 'sports woman'?
- 22. How does the narrator in the story 'Boys and Girls' describe the smell of death?
- 23. Why did Mandela refuse to give any undertaking regarding his freedom?
- 24. According to Mandela, why is he in prison?
- 25. What nationality does Mahmood Darwish consider himself?
- 26. Who all are included in the girls coming out of the woods?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

III. Answer any six from the following not exceeding 120 words.

- 27. "I won't tell you where the place is " Why did the poet say so? What are the hints that she gives?
- 28. Denise Levertov's "Making Peace" is a loud cry for peace Discuss.
- 29. "Identity Card" by Mahmoud Darwish is a poem of resistance. Explain.
- 30. How are the garment girls' sufferings portrayed?
- 31. Explain Julian Assange's observations on Authoritarian conspiracy.
- 32. What are Sojourner Truth's observations on equality?
- 33. Write a note on Nighat Sahiba's observations on the language of poetry.
- 34. Present the story of a girl's struggle to find her own identity in Alice Munro's Boys and Girls'.
- 35. Write about K.Saraswathy Amma's views on life.
- The poem 'Girls are Coming Out of the Woods' uses absurd imageries to express the unspeakable things – explain.
- 37. Elaborate on Nelson Mandela's political ideals.
- 38. Comment on the character of Tor Gul in the novel 'Carpet Weavers'.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

- Answer any two of the following in about 300 words.
- Tishani Doshi's Poem 'Girls Are Coming Out of the Woods' is a clarion call against suppression Substantiate.
- 40. Critically evaluate "A poem in Praise of Menstruation" as a celebration of fertility.
- 41 How do animals relate to humans across the story 'Boys and Girls'? Explain.

- 42. The novel 'Carpet Weavers' discusses gender issues and Afghanistan's changing political scenario- Elaborate.
- 43. Nelson Mandela believed in political reconciliation- explain.
- 44. K. Saraswathy Amma was amazingly ahead of her time- Elaborate.