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### Third Semester-B.A./B.Sc. Degree Examination, March 2022

### First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

Language Course - English

### EN 1311.1/EN 1311.3 — ENGLISH FOR CAREER

(Common for B.A./B.Sc. and Career Related 2 (a))

(2019 and 2020 Admission)

Tim	ne : 3 Hours Max. Marks : 80
l.	Answer all the following questions. Each question carries 1 mark. Follow the instructions given in the brackets wherever needed.
1.	The correct spelling of the word 'cataloge' is
2.	The word that is the antonym of "deflate" is
3.	The prisoner was hand and foot. (use the correct form of 'bind')
4.	is another word for 'alleviate'.
5.	is the noun form of 'intend'.
6.	Hearing the news of her husband's death, she faint. (Correct the sentence)
7.	All precautions must, for the plague spread rapidly. (Use the correct form of the word 'neglect')
8.	We must lock the doors,? (Use appropriate question tag)
9.	I noticed that he of brandy. (Use the correct tense of 'smell')

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	onnections between the two crimes. (Use the
10. Police are c appropriate phrasal verb)	onnections between the two similar (
(a) looking up	(b) looking into
(c) looking out	(d) looking at
	$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$
II. Answer any <b>eight</b> of the followi	ng questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
11. Provide one-word substitutes for	or any two of the phrases.
(a) a critical phase that some	is passing through
(b) habit of spending money to	
(c) special right or advantage	
(d) without discrimination	
12. Give the antonyms of two of the	ne following words.
(a) Haughty	(b) Lunacy
(c) Eager	
Make contances of VOLIT OWN V	with any <b>two</b> of the following phrasal verbs.
(a) break out	(b) ran out of
(c) blown over	(d) give in
	m those given in the brackets.
14. Choose the correct option from	his missing lanton (asked around /
(a) He but n	o one had seen his missing laptop. (asked around /
asked for)	up his old friend while in Jaipur.
(b) Rajiv was determined to (look up /look at)	
15. Fill in the blanks using a colle	ective noun from those given below.
(army, swarm, fleet, galaxy, j	ury) , had a sign of the sign
(a) The night sky glimmered	d with a of stars.
(b) A of loo	custs attacked the crop.

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16.	Fill in the blanks using the suitable degree of the adjective given in the brackets.  (a) Milk is than any other food. (nourishing)  (b) Radium is one of the metals (valuable)
	Correct the errors in the words given in italics
17.	<ul><li>(a) The <i>electronic</i> car is a welcome addition to the world of automobiles.</li><li>(b) He suffers from <i>cronic</i> indigestion.</li></ul>
18.	<ul><li>(a) His clam to fame was his participation in a TV show.</li><li>(b) The small village lacked basic faculties.</li></ul>
19.	(a) You will not be the victim of superstition and demography in religion and politics if you possess knowledge.
	(b) Before he could <i>rich</i> the site of crime, the criminals had escaped.
20.	Fill in the blanks with suitable words from those given in brackets.
	(maddening, exercise, echoes, pulse)
	Piccadilly Circus was full of loneliness. It seethes and with it.  Looking down on it is a discomforting You can't feel the of London here, though people expect to. To Londoners, it is a obstruction between one place and another.
21.	Choose the correct option from the brackets.
	(a) I told you that you wrong about her. (was/were)
	(b) I make sure that I know the poem by tomorrow. (shall/ will)
22.	Fill in the blanks with the appropriate word from the bracket.
	(a) She takes the bus to work day. (early, many, every)
	(b) We ate dinner and we watched a film. (then, since, so)
23.	Use the correct tense of the verb in the bracket.
,	(a) I of going to Japan. (think)
	(b) He ill since last week. (is)
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Read the paragraphs and answer the questions given below:

- 24. Erosion of America's farmland by wind and water has been a problem since settlers first put the prairies and grasslands under the plow in the nineteenth century. By the 1930s, more than 282 million acres of farmland were damaged by erosion. After 40 years of conservation efforts, soil erosion has accelerated due to new demands placed on the land by heavy crop production. In the years ahead, soil erosion and the pollution problems it causes are likely to replace petroleum scarcity as the nation's most critical natural resource problem.
  - (a) What has hastened the process of soil erosion?
  - (b) What are the issues that are likely to replace petroleum scarcity as America's critical Problem?
- 25. Opera refers to a dramatic art form, originating in Europe, in which the emotional content is conveyed to the audience as much through music, both vocal and instrumental, as it is through the lyrics. By contrast, in musical theatre an actor's dramatic performance is primary, and the music plays a lesser role. The drama in opera is presented using the primary elements of theatre such as scenery, costumes, and acting. However, the words of the opera, or libretto, are sung rather than spoken. The singers are accompanied by a musical ensemble.
  - (a) How is Opera different from musical theatre?
  - (b) What are the elements used to convey/present drama in opera?
- 26. A stout old lady was walking with her basket down the middle of a street in Petrograd to the great confusion of the traffic and with no small peril to herself. It was pointed out to her that the pavement was the place for pedestrians, but she replied: 'I'm going to walk where I like. We've got liberty now'. It did not occur to the dear old lady that if liberty entitled the pedestrian to walk down the middle of the road, then the end of such liberty would be universal chaos. Everybody would be getting in everybody else's way and nobody would get anywhere. Individual liberty would have become social anarchy.
  - (a) In the author's opinion, what would unrestrained individual liberty result in?
  - (b) Identify a word from the passage that means the following: a state of disorder due to absence or non-recognition of authority.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$ 

III.	Answer any six of the following questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
27.	
	(a) He the rules. (flaunted/flouted)
	(b) They each other and so made excellent partners. (complemented/complimented)
	(c) He runs an business but has never been arrested. (elicit/illicit)
	(d) He loved visiting the store. (stationery/stationary)
28.	Fill in the blanks with suitable phrases from those given in the brackets.
	(dive into, break down, turn down, put out, believe in, look into, check out, cheer up)
	(a) I will the matter.
, s	(b) It's so loud here. Can you the radio a little?
	(c) The firemen were able to the fire in Church Street.
	(d) Do you miracles?
29.	Correct the errors in any four of the following sentences.
	(a) Time and tide wait for no man.
	(b) Shane and Harry has been friends since childhood.
	(c) He, with his brothers, plan to go for a movie.
	(d) Netherlands is a wind-swept country.
	(e) The violinist and painter are dead.
30.	Correct the error in the section in italics in any four of the following sentences.
	(a) How a terrible fire this is!
	(b) So a piece of work is man!
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	I II Alas I Vou hovo done well"
	(c) He said, "Alas! You have done well".
	(d) That birthday cake was how good!
	(e) So a coincidence this is!
3	Fill in the blanks with suitable pronouns.
	(a) The boys are riding bikes.
10 11 2	(b) Let help you carry these bags.
	(c) That red dress is
· · ·	(d) They will look after
	32. Correct the error in the section in italics.
	(a) He is late than I expected.
	(b) After this he made no farther remarks.
	(c) Mr. Smith is the eldest teacher in the school.
	(d) Solomon was one of the wiser men.
* .	33. Fill in the blanks with suitable words from those given in brackets.
	(inferences, range, memorization, shaping, insecurity, thoughtful, contrary, culture)
	to some people's view, the study of history is not the of names, dates, and places. It is the examination of the forces that have shaped the courses of human life. We can examine events from the past and then draw about current events. Another benefit of the study of history is the of human experience that is covered. National and international affairs are covered. Matters of are also included in the historical study. Human nature is an important part of history: emotions like passion, greed, and have influenced the of world affairs.
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34. Rewrite the sentences replacing the italicised words with the appropriate word from the brackets. (mundane, lair, philanthropist, scapegoat, aesthetics, virtue, nascent) (a) Patience is seen as a behaviour showing the high moral standards of a (b) They used him; he became the person who was blamed for the wrongdoings. (c) I am bored with the ordinary and dull life of the quarantined days. (d) He became a person who loves mankind after joining Buddhism. 35. Fill in the blanks with the correct option from those given in the brackets. (a) It was a dark, moonlit night when the traveller \_\_\_\_\_ at the inn. (had arrived, arrived) (b) I'll call you when I \_\_\_\_\_ home. (got, get) (c) It \_\_\_\_\_ all night. (has been raining, is raining) (d) When I go to university, I may \_\_\_\_\_ history. (studying, study) Read the passage and answer the questions given below. 36. The first impressions of the Himalayas are their immensity, their magnificence and their majesty. How awe-inspiring, beautiful and breath-taking is their grandeur. The wonders of this gigantic creation are not easily expressed in words. The magic enchantment of their scenic beauty lingers long after the visit has ended- and brings back time and again a feeling of nostalgia, of happy moments spent there. Today, these lofty, eternally crowned, majestic white peaks form a pearly necklace around the neck of the world's largest tablelandthe Tibetan plateau. They provide our land with the necessities of life, bestow numerous benefits, give joy and sometimes, even sorrow. (a) Identify a word from the passage that means 'soaring'. (b) Use the word 'bestow' in a sentence of your own.

(c) What is the writer's first impression about the Himalayas?

(d) According to the writer, what does the Himalayas offer beyond beauty?

- 37. The victory of the small Greek democracy of Athens over the mighty Persian Empire in 490 B.C. is one of the most famous events in history. Darius, king of the Persian Empire, was furious because Athens had interceded for the other Greek city-states in revolt against Persian domination. In anger the king sent an enormous army to defeat Athens. The Persian army attacked, and Greek citizens fought bravely. The power of the mighty Persians was offset by the love that the Athenians had for their city. Athenians defeated the Persians in both archery and hand combat. Greek soldiers seized Persian ships and burned them, and the Persians fled in terror. Herodotus, a famous historian, reports that 6,400 Persians died, compared to only 192 Athenians.
  - (a) Identify a word from the passage that means 'intervene on behalf of another'.
  - (b) What are the facts reported by Herodotus?
  - (c) Give a suitable title for this passage.
  - (d) How were the Athenians different from the Persians?
- 38. Many great inventions are initially greeted with ridicute and disbelief. The invention of the airplane was no exception. Although many people who heard about the first powered flight on December 17,1903 were excited and impressed, others reacted with peals of laughter. The idea of flying an aircraft was repulsive to some people. Such people called Wilbur and Orville Wright, the inventors of the first flying machine, impulsive fools. Negative reactions, however, did not stop the Wrights. Impelled by their desire to succeed, they continued their experiments in aviation.
  - (a) Use the word 'ridicule' in a sentence of your own.
  - (b) To which word in the passage is 'disgusting' closest in meaning to?
  - (c) How did people react to the idea of an airplane?
  - (d) How would you describe the character of the Wrights?

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

IV. Answer any two of the following questions, choosing one each from any two groups. Each carries 15 marks.

### **GROUP A**

39. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below

Mount Vesuvius, a volcano located between the ancient Italian cities of Pompeii and Herculaneum, has received much attention because of its frequent and destructive eruptions. The most famous of these eruptions occurred in A.D. 79.

The volcano had been inactive for centuries. There was little warning of the coming eruption, although one account unearthed by archaeologists says that a hard rain and a strong wind had disturbed the celestial calm during the preceding night. Early the next morning, the volcano poured a huge river of molten rock down upon Herculaneum, completely burying the city and filling the harbor with coagulated lava.

Meanwhile, on the other side of the mountain, cinders, stone and ash rained down on Pompeii. Sparks from the burning ash ignited the combustible rooftops quickly. Large portions of the city were destroyed in the conflagration. Fire, however, was not the only cause of destruction. Poisonous sulfuric gases saturated the air. These heavy gases were not buoyant in the atmosphere and therefore sank toward the earth and suffocated people.

Over the years, excavations of Pompeii and Herculaneum have revealed a great deal about the behavior of the volcano. By analyzing data, much as a zoologist dissects an animal specimen, scientists have concluded that the eruption changed large portions of the area's geography. For instance, it turned the Sarno River from its course and raised the level of the beach along the Bay of Naples. Meteorologists studying these events have also concluded that Vesuvius caused a huge tidal wave that affected the world's climate.

In addition to making these investigations, archaeologists have been able to study the skeletons of victims by using distilled water to wash away the volcanic ash. By strengthening the brittle bones with acrylic paint, scientists have been able to examine the skeletons and draw conclusions about the diet and habits of the residents. Finally, the excavations at both Pompeii and Herculaneum have yielded many examples of classical art, such as jewelry made of bronze, which is an alloy of copper and tin. The eruption of Mount Vesuvius and its tragic consequences have provided everyone with a wealth of data about the effects that volcanoes can have on the surrounding area. Today, volcanologists can locate and predict eruptions, saving lives and preventing the destruction of other cities and cultures.

(1)	is a phrase in the passage which means 'unexpectedly'.
(2)	is the word used in the passage for 'find something in the ground by digging'.
(3)	'Eruption' in the passage is related to
	(a) Temper tantrum (b) rash
	(c) release of magma (d) none of the above
(4)	is a single word for 'an extensive fire which destroys a great deal of land/property'.
(5)	'Brittle' in the given context means ———
. ,	(a) Soft (b) Tough
	(c) Inflexible (d) Fragile
(6)	Use the phrase 'great deal of' in a sentence of your own.
(7)	The word ———— from the passage is a synonym of 'flammable'.
(8)	Pick out the antonym of 'creation' from the passage.
(9)	The phrase in the passage means 'fatal results'.
(10)	The antonym for 'celestial' is ————
(11	) Which phrase in the passage means 'a bulk of information'?
(12	) The word ———— means 'to change into solid or semi-solid state'.
(13	) ————is a single word for 'able to keep afloat'.
(14	) The word ———— in the passage refers to 'a metal made up of different metallic elements'.
(15	) Make a sentence of your own with the word 'yield'.

40.	Answer all the following questions.
	(Fill in the blanks with suitable articles, prepositions, conjunctions, adverbs or adjectives)
	(1) ———— schools will shortly close for the Christmas holidays.
	(2) Computers have been shrinking — size ever since the introduction — the concept almost two centuries — and the latest developments _ microchip manufacturing is likely to make them even smaller.
	(3) Knocking at the gate, he demanded admission.
*	(4) She was sitting ———— him.
	(5) I am — prepared.
	(6) John Doe, who graduated — the University of North Carolina two years ago, is now doing graduate work — engineering — Georgia Tech. He expects to receive his Master's degree next June.
	(7) He would make a good statesman than a philosopher. (Use the correct degree of "good")
	(8) ———— you are mistaken.
	(9) He ——— is to blame.
	(10) — Sunil — Anil will give an inch in an argument.
	Rewrite as directed
	(11) They laughed at him. (Use passive voice)
	(12) "What have you written, Ravi?" the teacher said. (Change to Indirect Speech)
* .	(13) Let's play by the stream Sneha suggested with excitement. (Punctuate the sentence)
•	(14) The Rose is very beautiful. (Write as exclamatory sentence)
	(15) Only fools have believed it. (Rewrite using 'None but')  N – 2286

### 41. Read the passage and answer the questions given below

In the 16th century, an age of great marine and terrestrial exploration, Ferdinand Magellan led the first expedition to sail around the world. As a young Portuguese noble, he served the king of Portugal, but he became involved in the quagmire of political intrigue at court and lost the king's favour. After he was dismissed from service by the king of Portugal, he offered to serve the future Emperor Charles V of Spain.

A papal decree of 1493 had assigned all land in the New World west of 50 degrees W longitude to Spain and all the land east of that line to Portugal. Magellan offered to prove that the East Indies fell under Spanish authority. On September 20, 1519. Magellan set sail from Spain with five ships. More than a year later, one of these ships was exploring the topography of South America in search of a water route across the continent. This ship sank, but the remaining four ships searched along the southern peninsula of South America. Finally they found the passage they sought near 50 degrees S latitude. Magellan named this passage the Strait of All Saints, but today it is known as the Strait of Magellan.

One ship deserted while in this passage and returned to Spain, so fewer sailors were privileged to gaze at that first panorama of the Pacific Ocean. Those who remained crossed the meridian now known as the International Date Line in the early spring of 1521 after 98 days on the Pacific Ocean. During those long days at sea, many of Magellan's men died of starvation and disease.

Later, Magellan became involved in an insular conflict in the Philippines and was killed in a tribal battle. Only one ship and 17 sailors under the command of the Basque navigator Elcano survived to complete the westward journey to Spain and thus prove once and for all that the world is round, with no precipice at the edge.

(1)	The	word 'expedition' in the pa	assage is closest in meaning to				
	(a)	expertise	(b)	flight			
	(c)	speed	(d)	journey			
(2)	The	phrase "offered to serve"	in the pa	ssage means			
	(a)	work for	(b)	liaison for			
	(c)	spy for	(d)	none of these			
(3)	Find	d the word in the passage	which is t	he opposite of 'disapproval'			
	(a)	kindness	(b)	favour			
	(¢)	advocate	(d)	admiration			
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	,	(a)	synonym for 'decree' is  command (b) summit  label (d) none of the above	
	(5)	Use	the word 'passage' in a sentence of your own.	
	(6)	Whe	en did the explorers cross the International Date Line?	
	(7)	(a) (c)	word 'quagmire' in the passage is closest in meaning to complex (b) hazardous desirous (d) none of the above	
	(8)	Iden 1493		
		(a)	It assigned all land in the New World east of 50 degrees W lon Portugal	
'g:	•	(b)	Portugal.	
		(c)	It assigned all land in the New World west of 50 degrees W lon Greece.	gitude to
		(d)	None of these	
	(9)	Wha (a) (c)	at is the Strait of All Saints now known as?  Strait of Gibraltar (b) Strait of Malacca  Strait of Magellan (d) Strait of Dover	San Ville Seeing China
		(a) (b) (c) (d)	Many died of starvation and disease  None deserted the ships  None of these	
	(11	) Ho	w does the author describe the 16 <sup>th</sup> century?	
	(12	) Wh	ny did Magellan offer to serve the future emperor of Spain?	
			13	N - 2286

	(13	) What was the purpose of the journey he undertook for Spain?
	(14	) How did Magellan's end come about?
	(15	Suggest a suitable title for the passage.
		GROUP – B
12.		of the error in the underlined sections in the following sentences. If there is no or, the answer is 'd'.
	(1)	Loften visited her and was quite puzzled (a) (b)
		to see the dreadful pictures hung on the wall. No Error (c) (d)
	(2)	Being very often ill and frequently absent, he had no opportunity to finish his work.  (a) (b) (c)
		No Error. (d)
	(3)	By whom was Mr. Awdbesh Singh worshiped as the Gandhi of our time?  (a) (b) (c)
	٠.	No Error. (d)
	(4)	Mr. Gupta disowned his son only because he was married  (a) (b)
		a girl he didn't approve. No Error. (c) (d)
	(5)	We advised him to marry off his daughter because she had  (a) (b)
		come to marriageable age. No error.  (c) (d)
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	(6)	They did no	ot know why the	e two brothers	were fighting	with each oth	ier.
	(0)	They did ne	(a)	(b)	Word lighting	(c)	
		No Error.					
		(d)					
	(7)	He exclaime	ed with sorrow th	nat his brother p	oassed away j	ust two months	s before.
			(a)	(b)		(c	)
		No Error.					
		(d)					
	(8)	They exclain	ned and said tha	at they have ne	ver seen such	a beautiful picto	ure before.
		(a)		(b)		(c)	
		No Error.					
		(d)					
	(0)	This Vouna	lady is more b	ooutiful than h	or vounder s	ister No Error	•
	(9)	(a)	lady is more b	(b)	(c)	(d)	<u>.</u>
	(10)		ed that I should				
		(a)		(b)	·	(c)	(d)
:- :-	(11)	I suggested (a)	I that Ragini sh	ould stay the (b)	night but she	does not liste (c)	n to me.
		No Error.					
		(d)					
	(12)		walking in the				
	4	(a)		(b)	(c)	(d)	
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	(a) (b) (c) (d)
	(14) Not only drinking but also smoking is a very injurious to health. No Error.
	(a) (b) (c) (d)
	(15) A ray of light passing through the center of a lens keep its original direction.
	(a) (b) (c)
	No Error.
	(d)
43.	Read the passage and answer the questions given below
	Among the main factors that led to Teotihuacán's tremendous development are
	its geographic location on a natural trade route to the south and east of the
	Valley of Mexico, the obsidian resources in the Teotihuacán Valley itself, and the
	valley's potential for extensive irrigation. The exact role of other factors is much
	more difficult to pinpoint - for instance, Teotihuacan's religious significance as a
	shrine, the historical situation in and around the Valley of Mexico toward the end
	of the first millennium B.C., the ingenuity and foresightedness of Teotihuacán's
.73	elite, and, finally, the impact of natural disasters, such as the volcanic eruptions

This last factor is at least circumstantially implicated in Teotihuacán's rise. Prior to 200 B.C., a number of relatively small centers coexisted in and near the Valley of Mexico. Around this time, the largest of these centers, Cuiculico, was seriously affected by a volcanic eruption, with much of its agricultural land covered by lava. with Cuicuilco eliminated as a potential rival, Teotihuacán was the center that did

arise as the predominant force in the area by the first century A.D.

16

of the late first millennium B.C.

(13) They are very senior to me, so I dare not play a joke on them. No Error.

It seems likely that Teotihuacán's natural resources-along with the city elite's ability to recognize their potential-gave the city a competitive edge over its neighbors. The valley, like many other places in Mexican and Guatemalan highlands, was rich in obsidian. The hard volcanic stone was a resource that had been in great demand for many years, at least since the rise of the Olmecs (a people who flourished between 1200 and 400 B.C.), and it apparently had a secure market. Moreover, recent research on obsidian tools found at Olmec sites has shown that some of the obsidian obtained by the Olmecs originated near Teotihuacán.

Long-distance trade in obsidian probably gave the elite residents of Teotihuacán access to a wide variety of exotic goods, as well as a relatively prosperous life. Such success may have attracted immigrants to Teotihuacán. It is also probable that as early as 200 B.C. Teotihuacán may have achieved some religious significance and its shrine (or shrines) may have served as an additional population magnet. Finally, the growing population was probably fed by increasing the number and size of irrigated fields.

The picture of Teotihuacán that emerges is a classic picture of positive feedback among obsidian mining and working, trade, population growth, irrigation and religious tourism. The thriving obsidian operation, for example, would necessitate more miners, additional manufacturers of obsidian tools, and additional traders to carry the goods to new markets. All this led to increased wealth, which in turn would attract more immigrants to Teotihuacán.

- (1) The word 'tremendous' in the passage is closest in meaning to
  - (a) extraneous
- (b) entity

(c) dread

(d) great scale

		•		
(2)	The	phrase 'difficult to pinpoint' in	the pa	assage can mean difficult to
		transfer	(b)	relate
	(c)	narrate	(d)	identify
(3)	Find	the word in the passage whi	ch is t	he opposite of 'small'
(-)	(a)	extensive	(b)	labour
	(c)	minimum	(d)	agriculture
(4)	The	synonym for 'significance' is		
17	(a)	unanimous	(b)	excellent
	(c)	important	(d)	none of the above
(5)	The	word 'ingenuity' in the passa	ige is (	closest in meaning to
(0)	(a)	creativity	(b)	assertion
	(c)	analyse	(d)	none of the above
(6)	Use	the word 'foresightedness' in	n a ser	ntence of your own.
(7)	The	word 'exotic' in the passage	is clos	set in meaning to
,	(a)	natural	(b)	foreign
	(c)	unbelievable	(d)	none of the above
(8)	lder	ntify the statement which is t	rue	
(-)	(a)	Teotihuacán had no econo		gnificance
	(b)	Teotihuacán had no religio		
	(c)	Teotihuacán had religious		
	(d)	None of these		
(9)		no were the Olmecs?		
	(a)		1	
	(b)			
	(c)		1	1000 and 100 B C
	(d)	A people who flourished be	etweer	1 1200 and 400 B.C.
			10	N.

(10) V	Vhat are the main factors that led to Teotihuacán's development?
(11) V	Vhat gave the city advantage over its neighbours?
(12) H	low did the fall of Cuicuilco effect Teotihuacán?
(13) V	Vhy were immigrants attracted to Teotihuacán?
(14) V	What is the impression that one receives of Teotihuacán?
(15) S	Suggest a suitable title for the passage.
. Answer	er all of the following questions, Fill in the blanks with suitable articles, sitions, conjunctions, adverbs or adjectives.
(1) V	Vhose socks are ———?
(2)	o we have ———— peanut butter?
(3) \	ou can't count ———— his help.
(4) 1	stroked the cat
(5) -	the black dress — the gray one looks right on me.
(6) I	read the first few pages of a book before I buy it.
(7)	it's your birthday, I will buy you a gift.
(8)	David comes ———— Bryan in the line, but ———— Louise.
(9)	Jim was walking — the campus — noon when he met a friend whom he had not seen — summer. They stopped — the gymnasium.
	Mr. Hill arrived in New York — May 10 — eight o'clock — the evening. He decided to call on his uncle who lived — Fifth Avenue.
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### Rewrite as directed

- (11) He was made admiral by them. (Change to Active voice)
- (12) Rahul said to Deepa, "Will you be going to school today?". (Change into indirect speech).
- (13) Shut the door. (Change to Passive voice)
- (14) Priya told me that I should keep in mind that the weather was very cold and to dress accordingly. (Change into direct speech)
- (15) Galileo that the earth moves round the sun. (Use the correct verb form of 'maintain'.)

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$ 

### (Pages: 6)

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Third Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, March 2022

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

**Core Course** 

CO 1342 / CX 1342 / TT 1342 / HM 1342 / CC 1343

### ADVANCED FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

(Common for Commerce, Commerce & Tax Procedure and Practice / Commerce & Hotel Management and Catering / Commerce & Computer Application, Commerce & Tourism and Travel Management)

(2019 & 2020 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

### SECTION - A

Very short answer type (1 sentence to Maximum of 2 sentences)

Each question carries 1 mark.

- What do you mean by limited liability partnership?
- 2. What do you mean by dissolution?
- 3. What is over riding commission?
- 4. When will you follow the memorandum method under joint venture?
- What do you mean by debtors system under branch accounting?
- 6. How can you record depreciation on branch assets?

P.T.O.

- 7. What is departmental accounting?
- 8. What is the journal entry to record the transfer of goods from one department to another?
- 9. What is wholesale branch?
- 10. When will a branch keep a separate system of accounting?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION - B

Short answer type (Not to exceed 1 paragraph) Answer any eight questions

### Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Why is departmental accounting needed?
- 12. How instalment system is useful?
- 13. What is Stock and Debtor's system?
- 14. What is meant by hire purchase?
- 15. What is 'Net hire purchase charges'?
- 16. Which statement is to be prepared by the branch that is allowed to sell only for cash?
- 17. What is memorandum stock account?
- 18. What is an independent branch?
- 19. What is realisation account?
- 20. What do you mean by piece meal distribution?
- 21. What is del credere commission?
- 22. How can you treat the goodwill taken over by a partner on dissolution?
- 23. How can you transfer the balance in realisation account?

- 24. How can you treat branch debtor's account?
- 25. How can you treat abnormal loss on consignment?
- 26. What is Proforma Invoice?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### SECTION - C

Short Essay type (Not to exceed 120 words) Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

- 27. Discuss Garner Vs Murray Rule.
- 28. Distinguish Consignment and sales.
- 29. What is Loss in transit?
- 30. Write note on dependent branch.
- 31. Discuss the steps to incorporate the branch trial balance in the head office book.
- 32. Differentiate departmental accounting and branch accounting.
- Mumbai branch transfers goods worth Rs.50,000/- to the Kerala branch with the permission of the head office. Pass journal entries in the books of all the parties concerned.
- 34. P, Q and R are partners whose Balance sheet was as follows :

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
Creditors	50,000	Bank	500
P's Loan	10,000	Debtors	10,000
Capital - P	8,000	Stock	8,000
Capital – Q	5,000	Machinery	20,000
<i>-</i> '		Furniture	8,000
		Land and Building	20,000
		Q's Capital	6,500
	73,000		73,000

The assets are realised as follows:

Stock Rs.5,000/-, Machinery Rs.10,000/-, Furniture Rs.2,000/-, Land and Building Rs.8,000/-, Debtors Rs.5,500/- Realisation Expenses Rs.500/-. Prepare Realisation account.

- 35. Department A transferred goods at a price 50% above cost to Dept. B. If closing stock of Dept. B is Rs.27,000, Compute the amount of stock reserve.
- 36. Raja sent 50 pieces of fancy goods to Kozhikode, on which the consignee receive 5% commission plus expense. The costs of goods were Rs.40 per piece. The consignor paid Rs.150/- for transporting the goods and the consignee paid Rs.150/- for taking delivery of the goods. It was reported that the whole consignment was sold for Rs.3,000/- Prepare consignment account.
- 37. A and B were partners in a joint venture sharing profit in the ratio of 4:1. A supplies goods worth Rs.5,000/- by incurring an expense of Rs.400/-. B supplies goods worth Rs.4,000/- and his expense amounts to Rs.300/-. B sells goods on behalf of the joint venture and realises Rs.12,000/-. B is entitled to a commission of 5% on sales. B settles his account by bank draft. Prepare joint venture account in the books of A.
- 38. How will you value unsold stock in Consignment?

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION - D

Answer any two. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 39. Analyse the features and advantages of Departmental accounting.
- 40. Discuss the features of different types of branch accounting.
- 41. Define joint venture and analyse its distinctions from partnership and Consignment.

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42. From the following details, prepare necessary accounts showing final settlement on the dissolution of the firm.

Liabilities	Amount Assets	Amount
Creditors	62,500 Building	50,000
Capital A	37,500 Stock	50,000
В	25,000 Debtors	40,000
С	7,500 Bank	5,000
D	12,500	
	1,45,000	1,45,000

D was a minor with a right to get 1/5 th share in the profit and the remaining partners share the balance in equal ratio. The capital account of D represent undrawn profit. The profit drawn by him and lying his bank account amounts to Rs.18,750/-. The firm had taken out a policy on the life of A, the paid up value of which is 37,500/- on which the surrender value is Rs.25,000/-. The firm is dissolved due to technical reason and the assets were realised as follows: Building 25% less, stock at 80%, Debtors 20% less. Sundry creditors allowed a discount averaging 8% and A took over his policy at the surrender value. Compensation to workers totalled Rs.50,000/- and the expenses amounted to Rs.24,500/-. A bought in necessary cash to affect the payments. C is insolvent, his estate realised 40% of what is due by him. Apply Garner Vs Murray rule.

43. A firm had two departments – cloth and ready-made dress. The Readymade dresses were made by the firm itself out of cloth supplied by the cloth department at its usual selling price. From the following details, prepare Departmental Trading and Profit and Loss account.

Particulars	Cloth Dept.	Ready-made Dept.						
Opening stock	3,00,000	50,000						
Purchases	20,00,000	15,000						
Sales	22,00,000	4,50,000						
Transfer to ready made	3,00,000							
Manufacturing Expenses		60,000						
Selling Expenses	20,000	6,000						
Closing Stock	2,00,000	60,000						

Stock in the ready-made department may be considered as consisting 75% cloth and 25% other expenses. The cloth department earned gross profit at the ratio of 15%. General expense of business as a whole is amounted to Rs.1,10,000/-

44. On 1st April 2020 Swastic Oil mill consigned 10,000 Kg of oil to Mr Das of Kozhikode costing Rs.20/- per Kg by meeting freight charge and insurance of Rs.5,000/- During transit about 250 Kg of oil were accidentally destroyed for which the insurance company paid Rs.4,500/- to the consignor in full settlement. Das took delivery of the consignment on 10th April. And he reported that 7,500 Kg of the oil were sold at Rs.30/- per Kg and he paid godown rent Rs.2,000/- and advertisement Rs.10,000/- and salary Rs.20,000/-. Das is entitled to get 3% commission and 1.5% del credere commission. A party who had bought 1000 Kg was able to pay only 80% of the amount due. Das also reported that a loss of 100 Kg of oil due to leakage. Das paid the amount by way of bank draft. Prepare necessary accounts in the books of both the parties.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$ 

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# Third Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, March 2022 Career Related First Degree Programme under CBCSS Core Course III

## CX 1341/HM 1341/TT 1341 : MANAGEMENT CONCEPTS AND THOUGHTS (2019 and 2020 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

### SECTION - A

Answer all questions in one word or to a maximum of two sentences each. Each question carries 1 mark.

- Define management.
- 2. What do you understand by open system?
- 3. What is planning?
- 4. What do you mean by decentralisation of authority?
- 5. What is job description?
- 6. What do you understand by charismatic leadership?
- 7. What is motivation?
- 8. Define communication.
- 9. What is Total Quality Management?
- 10. What do you mean by a learning organisation?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

P.T.O.

### SECTION - B

Answer any eight questions in not exceeding one paragraph each. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. "Management is the art of getting things done" Explain.
- 12. Give a short note on styles of management.
- 13. Briefly explain the participative style leadership.
- 14. Write a short note on Human Relations School.
- 15. What are the limitations of Quantitative School?
- "Planning is looking forward, controlling is looking back". Elucidate this statement.
- 17. Give a short note on accountability.
- 18. Distinguish between authority and accountability.
- 19. What are the factors affecting decentralisation?
- 20. What is organisational culture?
- 21. What do you understand by transactional leadership?
- 22. What are physiological needs?
- 23. Enumerate the 7 C's of communication.
- 24. What are the limitations of informal communication?
- 25. What are the features of a learning organisation?
- 26. What is the importance of knowledge management?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION - C

Answer any six questions in about 120 words each. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 27. What are the features of Human Relations School?
- Explain the contributions of Peter F. Drucker to the contemporary management thought.
- 29. What are the merits of Behavioural School?
- 30. What are the limitations of Classical School?
- 31. Explain the concept of Managerial Grid.
- 32. Explain the steps involved in controlling process of management.
- 33. What are the qualities essential for a successful leader?
- 34. Explain the different types of leaders.
- 35. Write short notes on the following:
  - (a) Negative motivation
  - (b) Positive motivation
  - (c) Extrinsic motivation
  - (d) Intrinsic motivation
- 36. What are the advantages of oral communication?
- 37. Distinguish between formal communication and informal communication.
- 38. Enumerate Deming's 14 points on Quality Management.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION - D

Answer any two questions in not exceeding 4 pages each. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 39. Discuss Michael Porter's 'five forces' analysis.
- 40. Discuss in detail the steps involved in staffing process.
- 41. Elucidate Fielder's Leadership Contingency Model.
- 42. Discuss in detail the process of communication.
- 43. Discuss the barriers to implement TQM In organisations.
- 44. What is change management? Discuss the reasons for employees' resistance to change.
  (2 x 15 = 30 Marks)

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# Third Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, March 2022 Career Related First Degree Programme under CBCSS

### Psychology

Complementary Course for Commerce and Tourism and Travel Management)

### **PG 1331.1 : PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT**

(2020 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

### SECTION - A

ı.	Fill in the blanks. Answer all questions. Each carries 1 mark.
1.	is a general term used to refer to how someone thinks about evaluates or perceives themselves.
2.	is a philosophical movement that emphasizes the personal worth of the individual and the centrality of human values.
3.	are relatively enduring personal characteristics which influence behaviour.
4.	is most often defined as the ability to perceive, use, understand manage, and handle emotions.
5.	The concept of psychological well-being is based on ———————————————————————————————————

 $(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ marks})$ 

P.T.O.

- II. Define the following. Each question carries 1 mark.
- 6. Compassionate empathy
- 7. Gratitude
- 8. Ego
- 9. Creativity
- 10. Autotelic.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION - B.

Answer any eight of the following. Each carries 2 marks. The answer should not exceed 1 paragraph.

- 11. Hope.
- 12. Critical thinking skills.
- 13. Eudaimonic happiness.
- 14. Existential self.
- 15. TAT.
- 16. How to create flow experiences in physical activities?
- 17. Write a note on effective communication skill.
- 18. Effect optimism and hope on health.
- 19. Person centered therapy.
- 20. Different states of self-awareness.
- 21. Practical application of SWOT analysis.

- 22. Creative writing.
- 23. Vicarious reinforcement.
- 24. Subjective well-being.
- 25. Interpersonal skill as a life skill.
- 26. Unrealistic optimism.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION - C

Answer any six of the following. Each carries 4 marks. The answer should not exceed 120 words.

- 27. Briefly describe the development of hope.
- 28. What are the different aspects of coping and management skills?
- 29. Marriage and happiness. Comment.
- 30. Projective techniques of personality assessment.
- 31. Briefly describe the characteristics of people with healthy and unhealthy self esteem.
- 32. Theme Centered Interaction (TCI).
- 33. Write a note on positive illusions.
- 34. Key elements of empathy.
- 35. Culture and happiness.
- 36. Describe the observational learning process.
- 37. Write a note on coping with emotions.
- 38. What is self-esteem? Methods to measure self-esteem.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

### SECTION - D

Write an essay on any two of the following. Each carries 15 marks.

- 39. Discuss Maslow's perspectives on personality.
- 40. Briefly describe about flow experiences.
- 41. Elucidate the concept of Personality explained by Sigmund Freud.
- 42. Differentiate with people who are having optimistic and pessimistic approach.
- 43. Explain the concept of happiness.
- 44. Briefly explain the top ten life skills proposed by WHO with a practical application situation on how to impart each skill in your educational setting.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$ 

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Third Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, March 2022

Career Related First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Group 2(a): Commerce and Tourism and Travel Management

**Vocational Course IV** 

TT 1372 : TOURISM REGULATIONS

(2019 and 2020 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

### SECTION - A

Answer all ten questions in not exceeding 1-2 sentences each. Each question carries 1 mark.

- Define Passport.
- Expand KTDC.
- 3. What do you mean by VISA?
- 4. In which year the breach of contract Act was promulgated?
- 5. Expand CIO.
- Name the organization which discharge the responsibility of conservation of monuments and documentary heritage.
- 7. In which year Air Corporation Act has passed in the Indian Parliament?
- 8. Expand CPV.

P.T.O.

- 9. What is POE?
- 10. What is Official Passport?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### SECTION - B

Answer any eight questions in not exceeding one paragraph each. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. What do you mean by "fault-oriented" risk?
- 12. What do you mean by Heritage Conservation area?
- 13. What is Kaleidoscopic?
- 14. What do you mean by Restricted Area Permit?
- 15. Identify the two laws relating to Hotels and Food and Beverage Business.
- 16. Who are eligible to apply under Overseas Citizen of India scheme?
- 17. What is ECR (Emigration Check Required)?
- 18. What do you mean by VISA on Arrival?
- 19. List out the Dangerous Goods which cannot be carried in the aircraft while travelling.
- 20. What is Diplomatic Passport?
- 21. What are the Channels of Clearance from Airports?
- 22. What do you mean by "C" Form in accommodation units?
- 23. What are the norms for the import of Indian Currency?
- 24. List the items a Tourist of Foreign Origin can bring to India.

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- 25. What is meant by Inbound Tourist?
- 26. List out some environmental protection and conservation acts introduced by India.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION - C

Answer any six questions in not exceeding 120 words (short essay) each. Each question carries 4 marks.

- List out the privileges obtained by a travel agency after getting the recognition of Government of India.
- 28. Detail about the duties of Keeper of Sarais.
- 29. What are the pre-requisites to qualify for a travel agent's license?
- Detail the functions of Ministry of Tourism.
- 31. Write about the procedures for removing ECR stamp from Passport.
- 32. Explain about the Tourism Conservation and Preservation Act 1998.
- 33. Write about the impact of COVID 19 to Indian Health Regulation in international travel.
- 34. Write about the importance of laws related to Accommodation and Catering
- 35. Write a short note on Tourism Police and its importance.
- Identify the role of DTPC in promoting tourism in the district.
- 37. Write the importance of Health Insurance in Travel.
- 38. Discuss about the important Travel Documents needed for International Travel.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION - D

Answer any two questions in not exceeding 4 pages (long essay) each. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 39. Explain the procedures for getting Passport in India.
- 40. Write in detail on Foreign Exchange Regulation Act 1973.
- 41. Write about the currency regulation a Foreign Tourist should follow when he comes to India.
- 42. Detail about the Law of antiquities.
- 43. Explain about the Environmental Protection Act, 1986 in India.
- 44. Explain the guidelines for recognition as approved Tour Operator.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$ 

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### Third Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, March 2022 Career Related First Degree Programme under CBCSS

### Group 2(a) — Commerce and Tourism and Travel Management

### **Vocational Course III**

TT 1371: TOURISM MARKETING

(2019 & 2020 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

PART – A (Very Short Answer Question)

(One word to maximum of one sentence. Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark).

- 1. What is domestic tourism?
- 2. What is cuisine?
- 3. What is Press conference?
- 4. What is Experiential cultural tourism product?
- 5. What is Religious tourism?
- 6. What are Tourism Products?
- 7. What is Tourism Trade Fairs?

P.T.O.

- 8. What is tourism festival?
- 9. What is Kerala travel mart?
- 10. List any two kinds of publicity.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

### PART - B (Short Answer)

(Not to exceeding one paragraph. Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks).

- 11. What is merchandising?
- 12. What is personal selling?
- 13. What is Push strategy?
- 14. What is price discrimination?
- 15. List two features of a good.
- 16. What is Historical tourism products?
- 17. What is the Marketing Concept?
- 18. What is distribution channel tourism?
- 19. What is niche marketing?
- Explain the term Place in marketing mix.
- 21. What is a poster?
- 22. What is social media?
- 23. Expand SATTE.

- 24. What is Travel Agency?
- 25. Explain the importance of festival in tourism promotion.
- 26. What is Relationship marketing?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$ 

### PART - C (Short essay)

(Not to exceed 120 words, answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks).

- 27. Explain the importance of Destination marketing.
- 28. Explain the Product Concept in tourism marketing.
- 29. What is Distribution in marketing?
- 30. Explain the elements of festivals.
- 31. Explain the STP process in tourism marketing.
- 32. Explain the steps involved in preparing a poster.
- 33. List the various tools of public relations.
- 34. Explain characteristic Inseparability of tourism products.
- 35. Explain characteristic perishability of tourism products.
- 36. Explain the Development Stage of tourism product life cycle.
- 37. List any four effective Marketing Strategies adopted by Tour and Activity Operators.
- 38. Explain the Involvement Stage of tourism product life cycle.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

### PART - D (Long essay)

(Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks).

- 39. Discuss the importance and relevance of familiarization tours in tourism marketing.
- 40. Discuss the nature and characteristics of a tourism product.
- 41. Discuss the various criteria used for promoting festivals as tourist attractions.
- 42. Explain the factors to be considered while designing tourism product,
- 43. Discuss the role of media in the promotion of tourism in India.
- 44. Explain the importance Destination marketing.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$